

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Stay Brite® 8 Product Size: ALL

Other means of identification SDS number: 20000007461

Recommended use and restriction on use Recommended use: Metal Soldering Restrictions on use: Not known. Read this SDS before using this product.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Company Nama	The Herrie Broducte Crown		
Company Name:	The Harris Products Group		
Address:	4501 Quality Place		
	Mason, OH 45040-1971		
	USA		
Telephone:	+1 (513) 754-2000		
Contact Person:	Safety Data Sheet Questions: custservmason@jwharris.com		
Company Name:	The Lincoln Electric Company of Canada LP		
Address:	179 Wicksteed Avenue		
	Toronto, Ontario M4G 2B9		
	Canada		
Telephone:	+1 (416) 421-2600		
Contact Person:	Safety Data Sheet Questions: www.lincolnelectric.com/sds		
Contact i Gisoff.	Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety		

Emergency telephone number:

USA/Canada/Mexico	+1 (888) 609-1762
Americas/Europe	+1 (216) 383-8962
Asia Pacific	+1 (216) 383-8966
Middle East/Africa	+1 (216) 383-8969

3E Company Access Code: 333988

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), The United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), Canada's Hazardous Product Regulations and Mexico's Harmonized System for the Identification and Communication of Hazards and Risks from Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace.

Hazard Classification	Not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification criteria.	
Label Elements Hazard Symbol:	No symbol	
Signal Word:	No signal word.	
Hazard Statement:	Not applicable	
Precautionary Statements:	Not applicable	



Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:	Overexposure to fumes and gases from the solder and/or flux material can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product.
Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use:	Fumes produced from use of this product may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid particles or other constituents from the solder, brazing consumable, flux material or base metal, or base metal coating not listed below.

Chemical Identity	CAS-No.
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0
Nitrogen dioxide	10102-44-0
Ozone	10028-15-6

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Reportable Hazardous Ingredients Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Tin	7440-31-5	50 - <100%
Silver	7440-22-4	5 - <10%

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition Comments:

The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a welding or allied process hazard. The product may contain additional non-hazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion:	Avoid hand, clothing, food, and drink contact with fluxes, metal fume or powder which can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth activities such as drinking, eating, smoking, etc. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Contact a poison control center. Unless the poison control center advises otherwise, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention at once.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.
Skin Contact:	Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical assistance at once.
Eye contact:	Do not rub eye. Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



Symptoms:	Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Refer to Section 11 for more information.
Hazards:	The hazards associated with welding and its allied processes such as soldering and brazing are complex and may include physical and health hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to fumes, gases or dusts potentially generated during the use of this product. Refer to Section 11 for more information.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

General Fire Hazards:	As shipped, this product is nonflammable. However, welding arc and sparks as well as open flames and hot surfaces associated with brazing and soldering can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Read and understand American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" and National Fire Protection Association NFPA 51B, "Standard for Fire Prevention during Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work" before using this product.	
Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguis	shing media	
Suitable extinguishing media:	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.	
Special protective equipment and Special fire-fighting procedures:	precautions for fire-fighters Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.	
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE ME	ASURES	

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Methods and material for protective equipment and cleaning up: Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Methods and material for protective equipment in Section 8. Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Refer to Section 13 for proper disposal.



Environmental Precautions:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	

Precautions for safe handling:Prevent abrading consumable materials or creating dust. Provide
appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where fume or dust is formed.
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial
hygiene practices.Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary
label on the product. See American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In
Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the American Welding
Society, http://pubs.aws.org and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR1910),
U.S. Government Printing Office, www.gpo.gov.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Store away from incompatible materials.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits: US

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Tin - as Sn	PEL	2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	2 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
Tin	IDLH	100 mg/m3	US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)
Tin - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	2 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2019)
Silver - Dust and fume.	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
Silver - as Ag	PEL	0.01 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Silver - Dust as Hg	REL	0.01 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2016)
Silver	IDLH	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)

Occupational Exposure Limits: Canada

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Tin - as Sn	TWA	2 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
Tin	TWA	2 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
Tin - as Sn	TWA	2 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	2 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as



			amended (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	4 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
Tin	TWA	2 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)
Tin - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	2 mg/m3	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2019)
Silver	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
Silver - Dust and fume.	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)
	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)
Silver	8 HR ACL	0.1 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	0.3 mg/m3	Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)
Silver - as Ag	STEL	0.03 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (06 2022)
	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (06 2022)

Occupational Exposure Limits: Mexico

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Tin	VLE-PPT	2 mg/m3	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014)
Silver - Dust and fume.	VLE-PPT	0.1 mg/m3	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014)

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: US

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Lir	nit Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	TWA	5,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	PEL	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	REL	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	IDLH	40,000 ppm		US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)
Carbon monoxide	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12



				2010)
	PEL	50 ppm	55 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	35 ppm	40 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	Ceil_Time	200 ppm	229 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	IDLH	1,200 ppm		US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)
Nitrogen dioxide	TWA	0.2 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	Ceiling	5 ppm	9 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	1 ppm	1.8 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	IDLH	20 ppm		US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)
	IDLH	13 ppm		US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)
Ozone	PEL	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	Ceil_Time	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	TWA	0.05 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.10 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.08 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	IDLH	5 ppm		US. NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values (10 2017)
	TWA	0.20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2020)

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Canada

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Li	mit Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
	TWA	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
	TWA	5,000 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	STEL	15,000 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	TWA	5,000 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)
	TWA	5,000 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	5,000 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)



	15 MIN	30,000 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs
	ACL			(Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	TWA	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (09 2017)
Carbon monoxide	TWA	25 ppm	29 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	STEL	100 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2011)
	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (07 2010)
	8 HR ACL	25 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	190 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	TWA	35 ppm		Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (04 2022)
	STEL	175 ppm		Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (04 2022)
Nitrogen dioxide	STEL	5 ppm	9.4 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
	TWA	3 ppm	5.6 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
	CEILING	1 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	TWA	0.2 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2012)
	STEL	5 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)
	TWA	3 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (11 2010)
	8 HR ACL	3 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	15 MIN ACL	5 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	TWA	3 ppm	5 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (04 2022)



Ozone	STEL	0.3 ppm	0.6 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
	TWA	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended (07 2009)
	TWA	0.05 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	TWA	0.1 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	TWA	0.08 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	TWA	0.2 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs: Table of Exposure Limits for Chemical Biological Substances (Workers Compensation Board); as amended (07 2007)
	TWA	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (07 2010)
	STEL	0.3 ppm	0.6 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended (07 2010)
	15 MIN ACL	0.15 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	8 HR ACL	0.05 ppm		Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended (05 2009)
	CEILING	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended (12 2008)
	TWA	0.05 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)
	TWA	0.08 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)
	TWA	0.10 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (03 2014)
	TWA	0.20 ppm		Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended (02 2020)

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: Mexico

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	VLE-CT	30,000 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014)
	VLE-PPT	5,000 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014)
Carbon monoxide	VLE-PPT	25 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014)
Nitrogen dioxide	VLE-PPT	0.2 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended



			(04 2014)
Ozone	VLE-P	0.1 ppm	Mexico. OELs. (NOM-010-STPS-2014 Chemical Pollutants at the Workplace; Assessment and Control), as amended (04 2014)
ppropriate Engineering controls	heat sou and the	irce to keep the fumes a	ation and local exhaust at the arc, flame or and gases from the worker's breathing zone operator to keep their head out of the as possible.
dividual protection measu seneral information:	Exposu controls (PPE). America Thresho Adminis exposur assess applicat required constitu- resulting Biologic ACGIH adverse be used to indica 10 for in health h contain chromiu other ch America lowered microgra limits, C adequat NTP list conditio exposur as an in limits an overexp	re Guidelines: To redu such as adequate venti Overexposure refers to in Conference of Govern Id Limit Values (TLVs) of tration's (OSHA) Permis e levels should be estab- nents. Unless exposure le local limit, TLV or PE . Absent these controls ents, including those in the potential health haze al Exposure Indices (BE polieves that nearly all w health effects." The AC as a guide in the control te a fine line between sa formation on constituen azards. Welding consul chromium as an uninten m may produce some a romium compounds as in Conference of Govern the Threshold Limit Val ams per cubic meter of a rVI exposures at or above e ventilation is not provis as posing a lung cance ns are unique and weldi e assessments must be dustrial hygienist, to det d to make recommenda osures.	Lipment ce the potential for overexposure, use lation and personal protective equipment exceeding applicable local limits, the mental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) or the Occupational Safety and Health ssible Exposure Limits (PELs). Workplace olished by competent industrial hygiene levels are confirmed to be below the L, whichever is lower, respirator use is c, overexposure to one or more compound the fume or airborne particles, may occur ards. According to the ACGIH, TLVs and Cls) "represent conditions under which vorkers may be repeatedly exposed without GIH further states that the TLV-TWA should of health hazards and should not be used afe and dangerous exposures. See Section ts which have some potential to present mables and materials being joined may uded trace element. Materials that contain mount of hexavalent chromium (CrVI) and a byproduct in the fume. In 2018, the mental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) ue (TLV) for hexavalent chromium from 50 air (50 µg/m ³) to 0.2 µg/m ³ . At these new ve the TLV may be possible in cases where ded. CrVI compounds are on the IARC and er and sinus cancer risk. Workplace ng fume exposures levels vary. Workplace conducted by a qualified professional, such ermine if exposures are below applicable tions when necessary for preventing
	for torch recomm	soldering and 3-4 for to endations as specified i details. Shield others by	orch brazing, and follow the n ANSI Z49.1, Section 4, based on your y providing appropriate screens and eye
in Protection land Protection:	Wear pr supplier		e gloves can be recommended by the glove
ther:	prevent electrica	injury from radiation, op Il shock. See Z49.1. At a	nd, head, and body protection which help to en flames, hot surfaces, sparks and a minimum, this includes welder's gloves en welding, and may include arm protectors



	aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing when welding, brazing and soldering. Wear dry gloves free of holes or split seams. Train the operator not to permit electrically live parts or electrodes from contacting the skin or clothing or gloves if they are wet. Insulate yourself from the work piece and ground using dry plywood, rubber mats or other dry insulation.
Respiratory Protection:	Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits.
Hygiene measures:	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, www.aws.org.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Soldering consumable.
Physical state:	Solid
Form:	Solid
Color:	No data available.
Odor:	No data available.
Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	No data available.
range:	
Flash Point:	No data available.
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.
Upper/lower limit on flammability	•
Flammability limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Flammability limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - upper:	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower:	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	No data available.
Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	No data available.
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-	No data available.
octanol/water):	
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.



Decomposition temperature: Viscosity:	No data available. No data available.	
10. STABILITY AND REACTIV	/ITY	
Reactivity:	The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.	
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None under normal conditions.	
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.	
Incompatible Materials:	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing substances. Strong bases.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Fumes and gases from welding and its allied processes such as brazing and soldering cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal to which the joining or hot work is applied, the process, procedure - and where applicable - the electrode or consumable used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded or worked (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of operators and the volume of the work area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the operator's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)	
	In cases where an electrode or other applied material is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal and coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonably expected fume constituents produced during arc welding and brazing include the oxides of iron, manganese and other metals present in the welding consumable or base metal. Hexavalent chromium compounds may be in the welding or brazing fume of consumables or base metals which contain chromium. Gaseous and particulate fluoride may be in the fume of consumables or flux materials which contain fluoride. Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc associated with welding.	

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General information:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined welding fumes and ultraviolet radiation from welding are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). According to IARC, welding fumes cause cancer of the lung and positive associations have been observed with cancer of the kidney. Also according to IARC, ultraviolet radiation from welding causes ocular melanoma. IARC identifies gouging, brazing, carbon arc or plasma arc cutting, and soldering as processes closely related to welding. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product.



Information on likely routes of exposureInhalation:Inhalation is the primary route of exposure. In high concentrations, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.	
Skin Contact:	Moderately irritating to skin with prolonged exposure.
Eye contact:	HEAT RAYS (INFRARED RADIATION) from flame or hot metal can injure eyes.
Ingestion:	Avoid ingestion - wear gloves and other appropriate personal protection - wash hands thoroughly following use or handling.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from brazing and soldering may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate preexisting respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from brazing and soldering can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Products which contain lead or cadmium have additional specific health hazards - refer to Sections 2, 8 and 11 of this SDS.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	(list all	possible	routes of	exposure)
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Oral	
Product:	Not classified
Dermal Product:	Not classified
Inhalation Product:	Not classified
Repeated dose toxicity Product:	Not classified
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product:	Not classified
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Product:	Not classified
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Product:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity Product:	Arc rays: Skin cancer has been reported.
IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans No carcinogenic components identified	

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053), as amended: No carcinogenic components identified



Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product:	Not classified		
i loudet.	Not classified		
In vivo Product:	Not classified		
Reproductive toxicity Product:	Not classified		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Product:	Single Exposure Not classified		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Product:	Repeated Exposure Not classified		
Aspiration Hazard Product:	Not classified		
Symptoms related to the physica	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics under the condition of use		
Additional toxicological Information	tion under the conditions of use:		
Acute toxicity Inhalation Specified substance(s): Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide Nitrogen dioxide Ozone	LC Lo (Human, 5 min): 90000 ppm LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1300 ppm LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 88 ppm LC Lo (Human, 30 min): 50 ppm		
Other effects: Specified substance(s): Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide Nitrogen dioxide	Asphyxia Carboxyhemoglobinemia Lower respiratory tract irritation		
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATI	ON		
Ecotoxicity Acute hazards to the aquatic environment: Fish Product: Not classified. Specified substance(s): Silver LC 50 (Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h): 0.013 mg/l			
Aquatic Invertebrates Product: Specified substance(s): Silver	Not classified. LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia pulex), 48 h): 0.014 mg/l		
Chronic hazards to the aquation Fish			
Product:	Not classified.		
Aquatic Invertebrates			



Product:	Not classified.
Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product:	Not classified.
Persistence and Degradability Biodegradation Product:	No data available.
Bioaccumulative potential Bioconcentration Factor (B Product:	3CF) No data available.
Mobility in soil:	No data available.
13. Disposal considerations	
General information:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. When practical, recycle in an environmentally acceptable, regulatory compliant manner. Dispose of non-recyclable products in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and Local requirements.
Disposal instructions:	Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
Contaminated Packaging:	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

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Contaminated Packaging: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN number or ID number: UN Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es) Class: Label(s): Packing Group: Marine Pollutant:	NOT DG REGULATED NR – – No
IMDG UN number or ID number: UN Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es) Class: Label(s): EmS No.:	NOT DG REGULATED NR –
Packing Group: Marine Pollutant:	– No
IATA UN number or ID number: Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es): Class:	NOT DG REGULATED NR



Label(s):	_
Packing Group:	-
Marine Pollutant:	No
Cargo aircraft only:	Allowed.
TDG	
UN number or ID number:	
UN Proper Shipping Name:	NOT DG REGULATED
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	NR
Label(s):	_
Packing Group:	_
Marine Pollutant:	No

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053), as amended

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Silver	1000lbs.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Not classified Not classified

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 311/312 H	Hazardous	Chemical
Chemical Iden	tit <u>y</u>	

Threshold Planning Quantity

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

Chemical Identity Silver Reporting threshold for other users 10000 lbs

Reporting threshold for manufacturing and processing 25000 lbs.

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

No ingredient requiring a warning under CA Prop 65.

WARNING: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)



WARNING: Cancer and Reprodu	uctive Harm – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov	
US. New Jersey Worker and Co No ingredient regulated I	ommunity Right-to-Know Act by NJ Right-to-Know Law present.	
US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.		
US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazar <u>Chemical Identity</u> Tin Silver	dous Substances	
US. Rhode Island RTK No ingredient regulated by R	RI Right-to-Know Law present.	
Canada Federal Regulations List of Toxic Substances (CEP Not Regulated	A, Schedule 1)	
Export Control List (CEPA 199 Not Regulated	9, Schedule 3)	
National Pollutant Release Invo Canada. National Pollutant Reporting Requirements NPRI PT5	entory (NPRI) Release Inventory (NPRI) Substances, Part 5, VOCs with Additional Not Regulated	
Canada. National Pollutant NPRI	Release Inventory (NPRI) (Schedule 1, Parts 1-4) Not Regulated	
Greenhouse Gases Not Regulated		
Controlled Drugs and Substan CA CDSI	ces Act Not Regulated	
CA CDSII	Not Regulated	
CA CDSIII	Not Regulated	
CA CDSIV	Not Regulated	
CA CDSV	Not Regulated	
CA CDSVII	Not Regulated	
CA CDSVIII	Not Regulated	
Precursor Control Regulations Not Regulated	;	

Mexico. Substances subject to reporting for the pollutant release and transfer registry (PRTR): Not applicable

Inventory Status:

Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in co
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	On or in co
Japan (ENCS) List:	One or mor
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	On or in co
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	On or in co

On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventory



Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: Mexico INSQ:One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. On or in compliance with the inventory On or in compliance with the inventorySwitzerland New Subs Notified/Registered:One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.	w Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: ban ISHL Listing: ban Pharmacopoeia Listing: xico INSQ: tario Inventory: wan Chemical Substance Inventory: stralia Industrial Chem. Act (AIIC): itzerland New Subs tified/Registered: ailand Existing Chemical Inv. List:	 On or in compliance with the inventory One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. On or in compliance with the inventory One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.
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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Definitions:

Revision Date:	02/16/2024
Further Information:	Additional information is available by request.
Disclaimer:	The Lincoln Electric Company urges each end user and recipient of this SDS to study it carefully. See also www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. If necessary, consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product. This information is believed to be accurate as of the revision date shown above. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is given. Because the conditions or methods of use are beyond Lincoln Electric's control, we assume no liability resulting from the use of this product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. Compliance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and local laws and regulations remain the responsibility of the user.
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